

**The University Interscholastic League**  
**Number Sense Test, Series ZZ-4**

Contestant's Number \_\_\_\_\_

Contestant's Score \_\_\_\_\_

**Read Directions Carefully  
 Before Beginning Test**

**Do Not Unfold This Sheet  
 Until Told To Begin**

**DIRECTIONS:** Do not turn this page until the person conducting this test gives the signal to begin. This is a ten-minute test. There are 80 problems. Solve accurately and quickly as many as you can in the order in which they appear. **ALL PROBLEMS ARE TO BE SOLVED MENTALLY.** Make no calculations with paper and pencil. Write only the answer in the space provided at the end of each problem. Problems marked with a (\*) require approximate integral answers; any answer to a starred problem that is within five per cent of the exact answer will be scored correct; all other problems require exact answers.

The person conducting this contest should explain these directions to the contestants.

**Stop - Wait for Signal!**

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| <p>(1) <math>1993 + 39 - 399 =</math> _____</p> <p>(2) <math>\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{15}{8} \times \frac{12}{9} =</math> _____</p> <p>(3) <math>8 + 9 \times 123456 =</math> _____</p> <p>(4) <math>11 \times 139 =</math> _____</p> <p>(5) <math>63^2 =</math> _____</p> <p>(6) Write 210 in Roman Numerals. _____</p> <p>(7) <math>347 - 743 =</math> _____</p> <p>(8) <math>12 \times 87 =</math> _____</p> <p>(9) <math>438 \div 9 =</math> _____ (Mixed Number).</p> <p>*(10) <math>369 \times 199 - 37,000 =</math> _____</p> <p>(11) <math>44 \div 2\frac{3}{4} =</math> _____</p> <p>(12) <math>32 \div 16 - 8 \times 4 =</math> _____</p> <p>(13) The largest prime divisor of 164 is _____</p> <p>(14) <math>15 \times 68 =</math> _____</p> <p>(15) <math>\frac{3}{16} =</math> _____ %</p> <p>(16) <math>\frac{16}{39} \times 3\frac{1}{4} =</math> _____</p> <p>(17) <math>4 + 6 + 8 + 10 + \dots + 44 =</math> _____</p> <p>(18) <math>17 \times 24 =</math> _____</p> <p>(19) The simple interest on \$800.00 at <math>3\frac{1}{4}</math> % interest for 9 months is \$ _____</p> | <p>*(20) <math>132 \times 49 + 50 \times 133 =</math> _____</p> <p>(21) <math>4\frac{1}{5}</math> is what percent less than 7? _____ %</p> <p>(22) <math>\frac{2}{3}</math> of a gallon = _____ cubic inches.</p> <p>(23) The average of 42, 62, 52, and 72 is _____</p> <p>(24) <math>(37 \times 5 + 8) \div 6</math> has a remainder of _____</p> <p>(25) Find the cost of driving a car 44 miles at <math>27\frac{1}{2}</math> cents per mile. \$ _____</p> <p>(26) Of <math>A = 6 = B</math> and <math>C = 9</math> then <math>AC \div B =</math> _____</p> <p>(27) The sum of the positive prime divisors of 280 is _____</p> <p>(28) <math>459 =</math> _____ 10.</p> <p>(29) How many positive integers between 5 and 26 are relatively prime to 26? _____</p> <p>*(30) <math>12 \times 14 \times 16 + 800 =</math> _____</p> <p>(31) Divide 63 into 2 parts such that the larger number exceeds the smaller number by 19. Find the smaller number. _____</p> <p>(32) <math>4\frac{1}{3} \times 8\frac{1}{3} =</math> _____ (Mixed Number).</p> <p>(33) Adding <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> of a number greater than 0 to twice the number is equivalent to multiplying the number by what improper fraction? _____</p> <p>(34) <math>.4777\dots =</math> _____ (fraction).</p> <p>(35) The product of the roots of <math>3x^2 - 6x - 9 = 0</math> is _____</p> <p>(36) If <math>x = 5</math> and <math>y = -2</math> then <math>9x^2 - 6xy + y^2 =</math> _____</p> |
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- (37)  $(327)(47) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  7.
- (38) Find  $x$  if  $\frac{1}{x} = y + 3$  and  $y = 4$ .  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (39) The next term of the sequence 8, 9, 6, 11, 4, 13, ... is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- \*(40)  $\sqrt{51078} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (41)  $5124 \div 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  (Mixed Number).
- (42) Find the digit  $B > 0$  such that  $157B64 = [2(23 + B)]^3$ .  $B = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (43)  $993^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (44) If  $x > 0$  and  $|x - 12| = 3x$  then  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (45) The distance between the points (5,4) and (7,9) is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (46) The largest integer  $x$  such that  $2x - 5 > 3x + 1$  is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (47)  $5217 \div 111 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (48)  $2112_3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  9.
- (49) If  $2^{x+3} = 36$  then  $2^x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- \*(50)  $142857 \times 15 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (51) The hypotenuse of a right triangle is 85 and one leg is 84. The other leg is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (52)  $6^7 \div 12$  has a remainder of  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (53) The smaller root of  $(2x + 1)^2 = \frac{2}{18}$  is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (54) If  $\log_3 x^2 = 4$  and  $x < 0$  then  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (55) A box contains 6 red and 8 blue balls. If 2 balls are drawn without replacement, what is the probability that both are red?  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (56) The twenty-third triangular number is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (57)  $(1 + 2i)^3 = a + bi$  and  $a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (58) If  $\log_x 25 = \log_4 16$  then  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (59) Two dice are tossed. What is the probability that the sum of the faces is 13?  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- \*(60)  $(26)^4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (61) The surface area of a sphere is  $64\pi$  sq. in. The diameter of the sphere is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  in.
- (62) If  $x^2 + y^2 = 113$ ,  $x > y$  and they are positive integers, then  $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (63)  $\tan(\text{Arccos } .5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (64)  $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{12} + \dots = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (65) The sum of the coefficients of  $(3x^2 - y)^5$  is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (66)  $.1464646\dots = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  (fraction).
- (67)  $\sin 210^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (68) If  $20^5 \div 32 = (2^x)(5^y)$ ,  $x$  and  $y$  are integers, then  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (69)  $\frac{2 \tan 15^\circ}{1 - \tan^2 15^\circ} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- \*(70)  $\sqrt{149} + \sqrt{1570010} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (71) Find  $x$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 4$ , if  $3x - 4 \equiv 7 \pmod{5}$ .  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (72) If  $f(x) = 2x + 3$  then  $f^{-1}(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (73) If  $f(x) = x - 7$  and  $g(x) = x^2 - 2$ , find  $f(g(2))$ .  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (74) Find  $x$ , if  $\det \begin{vmatrix} x & 3 \\ x & 5 \end{vmatrix} = 20$ .  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (75) The length of the tangent from (10,0) to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 36$  is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (76)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4 - 5x^2}{3x^2 + 7} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (77)  $f(x) = x^3 - x - 5$ ,  $f^{-1}(3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (78)  $\int_0^8 (8 - x) dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (79)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- \*(80)  $16 \times 18 \times 20 \times 22 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .