

**The University Interscholastic League
Number Sense Test • HS State • 2006**

Contestant's Number _____

Final	_____	_____
2nd	_____	_____
1st	_____	_____
Score	_____	Initials

Read directions carefully
before beginning test

**DO NOT UNFOLD THIS SHEET
UNTIL TOLD TO BEGIN**

Directions: Do not turn this page until the person conducting this test gives the signal to begin. This is a ten-minute test. There are 80 problems. Solve accurately and quickly as many as you can in the order in which they appear. ALL PROBLEMS ARE TO BE SOLVED MENTALLY. Make no calculations with paper and pencil. Write only the answer in the space provided at the end of each problem. Problems marked with a (*) require approximate integral answers; any answer to a starred problem that is within five percent of the exact answer will be scored correct; all other problems require exact answers.

The person conducting this contest should explain these directions to the contestants.

STOP -- WAIT FOR SIGNAL!

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|--|--|
| <p>(1) $6060 - 2020 =$ _____</p> <p>(2) $2.6 \times 2.5 =$ _____ (decimal)</p> <p>(3) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{8} =$ _____ (mixed number)</p> <p>(4) $22066 \div 11 =$ _____</p> <p>(5) $17^2 =$ _____</p> <p>(6) $(1 + 1 \times 2) \div 3 - 5 =$ _____</p> <p>(7) Which is larger, $\frac{7}{22}$ or $.33 =$ _____</p> <p>(8) $13^3 =$ _____</p> <p>(9) $1\frac{1}{10}\% =$ _____ (proper fraction)</p> <p>*(10) $2006 - 200.6 + 20.06 - 2.006 =$ _____</p> <p>(11) $8\frac{9}{10} + 4\frac{17}{20} =$ _____ (mixed number)</p> <p>(12) The GCF of 132 and 187 is _____</p> <p>(13) $\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{14} + \frac{1}{28} =$ _____</p> <p>(14) $142536 \div 11$ has a remainder of _____</p> <p>(15) $53 \times 42 =$ _____</p> <p>(16) $CDIV \div XL =$ _____ (Arabic Numeral)</p> | <p>(17) $6 + 12 + 18 + \dots + 66 =$ _____</p> <p>(18) 80% of $90 - 100 =$ _____</p> <p>(19) $33 - 66 + 99 - 99 - 66 + 33 =$ _____</p> <p>*(20) $\sqrt[3]{2006 \times 6002} =$ _____</p> <p>(21) $69^2 - 67^2 =$ _____</p> <p>(22) 3.21 liters = _____ milliliters</p> <p>(23) $35 \times 1\frac{35}{38} =$ _____ (mixed number)</p> <p>(24) 45% of $45 - 45$ is _____</p> <p>(25) $.25 + .125 - \frac{1}{12} =$ _____ (proper fraction)</p> <p>(26) The number of positive integral divisors of $50 \times 5^4 \times 2^3$ is _____</p> <p>(27) Set A has 8 distinct elements. How many proper subsets with at least one element does set A have? _____</p> <p>(28) $93 \times 104 =$ _____</p> <p>(29) $(2^4 \times 3^6 + 5^{10}) \div 4$ has a remainder of _____</p> <p>*(30) $73 \times 86 + 77 \times 84 =$ _____</p> <p>(31) 87.5% of a gallon is _____ fl. oz.</p> |
|--|--|

- (32) $234_5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}_4$
- (33) If $x = 5$ and $y = -7$ then
 $x^3 - 3x^2y + 3xy^2 - y^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (34) If 44 pens cost \$77.00, then 12 cost \$ $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (35) $686 + 98 + 14 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ base 7
- (36) $7.6 \times 8.4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (decimal)
- (37) $\text{LCM}(21,84) - \text{GCF}(21,84) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (38) $\sqrt{676} \div \sqrt[3]{-2197} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (39) $143 \times 13 \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- *(40) $875421 \div 369 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (41) $.875 \div 35 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (42) If $x^5 = -32$ then $5^x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (43) $1\frac{12}{13} + 1\frac{1}{12} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (mixed number)
- (44) A dodecahedron is a Platonic solid with 30 edges and $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ vertices
- (45) If $6x - 5(4 - 3x) = 1$, then $2 - x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (46) $22 \times 75 + 110 \times 15 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (47) In a 45° - 45° - 90° triangle the hypotenuse is $2\sqrt{2}$ ft. The area of the triangle is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ sq. ft
- (48) $92\frac{6}{7}\% = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (proper fraction)
- (49) $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{67}{86} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- *(50) $\sqrt[4]{14643} \times \sqrt[3]{1329} \times \sqrt{120} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (51) If $86k6$ is divisible by 6 then the largest tens digit value for k is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (52) $\frac{11 \times 10! - 11! \times 10}{11!} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (53) $55^2 - 50^2 + 5^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (54) $\sin\left(-\frac{7\pi}{6}\right) - \cos\left(-\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (55) Two dice are tossed. What is the probability the sum is a multiple of 5? $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (56) $77 \times 73 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (57) $6 - 1 - \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{36} - \frac{1}{216} - \dots = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (58) $114 \times 221 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (59) $6! \div (3! \times 2!) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- *(60) $14^3 \times 4^5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (61) $4^2 \times 5^2 \times 6^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (62) $666 \times \frac{18}{37} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (63) The slope of the line containing points $(-2, 2)$ and $(-3, 3)$ is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (64) $602 \times 602 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (65) $129 \times 129 + 129 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (66) $543_7 \div 6_7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}_7$
- (67) $89^2 - 86^2 + 83^2 - 80^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (68) $999 \times \frac{5}{27} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (69) If $h(x) = 5 - 3x$, then $h^{-1}(-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- *(70) The area of $90x^2 + 150y^2 = 13500$ is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (71) If $\log_9 X = 2$ then $\sqrt{X} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (72) $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{15} + \dots + \frac{1}{36} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (73) The sum of the first nine terms of the Fibonacci sequence 1, 3, 4, 7, 11, ... is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (74) $22 \times \frac{22}{25} - 22 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (mixed number)
- (75) If $f(x) = (3x^2 - 4)^2$, then $f'(1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (76) If $\sec \theta = -3$ in QIII, then $\cos \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (77) $\int_0^2 x^3 + 1 \, dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (78) The maximum value of $2\cos 3x - 5$ is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (79) $2^3 - 3^3 - 5^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- *(80) $[(\pi)(e)]^4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

University Interscholastic League - Number Sense Answer Key HS • State • 2006

*number) $x - y$ means an integer between x and y inclusive

NOTE: If an answer is of the type like $\frac{2}{3}$ it cannot be written as a repeating decimal

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|---|--|-----------------------------|--|
| (1) 4040 | (17) 396 | (33) 1728 | (56) 5625 |
| (2) 6.5 | (18) $- 28$ | (34) \$ 21.00 | (57) $4.8, 4\frac{4}{5}, \frac{24}{5}$ |
| (3) $1\frac{7}{24}$ | (19) $- 66$ | (35) 2220 | (58) 25194 |
| (4) 2006 | *(20) 218 $-$ 240 | (36) 63.84 | (59) 60 |
| (5) 289 | (21) 272 | (37) 63 | *(60) 2,669,364 $-$
2,950,348 |
| (6) $- 4$ | (22) 3210 | (38) $- 2$ | (61) 14400 |
| (7) .33 or $\frac{33}{100}$ | (23) $67\frac{9}{38}$ | (39) 13013 | (62) 324 |
| (8) 2197 | (24) $- 24.75,$
$- 24\frac{3}{4}, - \frac{99}{4}$ | *(40) 2254 $-$ 2491 | (63) $- 1$ |
| (9) $\frac{11}{1000}$ | (25) $\frac{7}{24}$ | (41) .025 or $\frac{1}{40}$ | (64) 362404 |
| *(10) 1733 $-$ 1914 | (26) 35 | (42) .04 or $\frac{1}{25}$ | (65) 16770 |
| (11) $13\frac{3}{4}$ | (27) 254 | (43) $3\frac{1}{156}$ | (66) 64 |
| (12) 11 | (28) 9672 | (44) 20 | (67) 1014 |
| (13) $\frac{1}{4}$ | (29) 1 | (45) 1 | (68) 185 |
| (14) 9 | *(30) 12109 $-$ 13383 | (46) 3300 | (69) $2\frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{7}{3}$ |
| (15) 2226 | (31) 112 | (47) 2 | *(70) 347 $-$ 383 |
| (16) 10.1, $10\frac{1}{10}, \frac{101}{10}$ | (32) 1011 | (48) $\frac{13}{14}$ | (71) 9 |
| | | (49) $\frac{9}{430}$ | (72) $\frac{7}{9}$ |
| | | *(50) 1259 $-$ 1391 | (73) 196 |
| | | (51) 7 | (74) $- 2\frac{16}{25}$ |
| | | (52) $- 9$ | (75) $- 12$ |
| | | (53) 550 | (76) $- \frac{1}{3}$ |
| | | (54) 1 | (77) 6 |
| | | (55) $\frac{7}{36}$ | (78) $- 3$ |
| | | | (79) $- 144$ |
| | | | *(80) 5053 $-$ 5584 |